

## Middle and High School: Coordinate Plane Assessment

- The coordinate plane is made up of \_\_\_\_ axes
  - 3
  - 2
  - 1
  - 4
- In an ordered pair, the first number is the
  - X-coordinate
  - Y-coordinate
  - origin
  - vertex
- When a figure is flipped over a line to create a mirror image, it is called a
  - translation
  - rotation
  - plane figure
  - reflection
- When a figure is slid across a line without turning, it is called?
  - translation
  - rotation
  - plane figure
  - reflection
- When a figure is turned around a vertex, it is called?
  - translation
  - rotation
  - plane figure
  - reflection
- What are the coordinates for a triangle with the coordinates A(-2, 4), B(0, 2), and C(-2, 1) when it is translated two units to the right and 3 units down?
  - A(-4, 4), B(-2, 2), and C(-4, 1)
  - A(-1, 4), B(2, 2), and C(0, 1)
  - A(-2, 1), B(0, -1), and C(-2, -2)
  - A(-1, 1), B(2, -1), and C(0, -2)
- What are the coordinates for a quadrilateral with the coordinates A(2,4), B(4,4), C(4,1), and D(1,1) after it is reflected across the x-axis?
  - A(-4, 4), B(-2, 2), C(-4, 1), and D(4,2)
  - A(-3, 4), B(-2, 3), C(-4, 1), and D(5,4)
  - A(2,-4), B(4, -4), C(4, -1), and D(1,-1)
  - A(-1, 4), B(-4, 2), C(-4, 1), and D(3,-1)
- What are the coordinates for a triangle with the coordinates A(-4, 3), B(-1, 1), and C(-4, 1) when it is rotated 90° clockwise around the origin?
  - A(3, 4), B(1,1), and C(1,4)
  - A(-1, 4), B(2, 2), and C(0, 1)

- c. A(-3, 1), B(1, -1), and C(1, -2)
  - d. A(-1, 4), B(2, -1), and C(0, 4)
9. When a figure is rotated  $180^\circ$  around the origin, to find the new coordinates you should
- a. Multiply x-coordinates by -1
  - b. Multiply y-coordinates by -1
  - c. Multiply both coordinates by -1
  - d. None of the above
10. A right angle is formed by
- a. Two parallel lines
  - b. Two perpendicular lines
  - c. Two line segments
  - d. All of the above